88-CE MATHS

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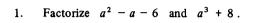
數學 試卷一 MATHEMATICS PAPER I

8.30 am-10.30 am (2 hours)
This paper must be answered in English

Attempt ALL questions in Section A and any FIVE questions in Section B. Full marks will not be given unless the method of solution is shown.

FORMULAS FOR REFERENCE

SPHERE	Surface area	=	$4\pi r^2$
,	Volume	=	$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
CYLINDER	Area of curved surface	=	$2\pi rh$
*	Volume	=	$\pi r^2 h$
CONE	Area of curved surface	=	$\pi r l$
	Volume	=	$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
PRISM	Volume	=	base area × height
PYRAMID	Volume	=	$\frac{1}{3}$ × base area × height
10			



Hence find their L.C.M.

(5 marks)

2. Simplify

(a)
$$\frac{\sin(180^{\circ} - \theta)}{\sin(90^{\circ} + \theta)}$$
,

(b)
$$\sin^2(\pi - \phi) + \sin^2(\frac{3\pi}{2} + \phi)$$
.

(5 marks)

3. Solve the inequality $2x^2 \ge 5x$.

(5 marks)

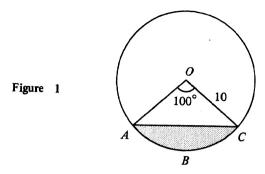
4. The quadratic equation

$$9x^2 - (k+1)x + 1 = 0$$
(*)

has equal roots.

- (a) Find the two possible values of the constant k.
- (b) If k takes the negative value obtained, solve equation (*). (6 marks)

5.



In Figure 1, ABC is a circle with centre O and radius 10. $\angle AOC = 100^{\circ}$. Calculate, correct to 2 decimal places,

- (a) the area of sector OABC,
- (b) the area of $\triangle OAC$,
- (c) the area of segment ABC.

(6 marks)

- 6. Given that $\log 2 = r$ and $\log 3 = s$, express the following in terms of r and s:
 - (a) log 18,
 - (b) log 15.

[Note: In this question, all logarithms are to the base 10.]

7.

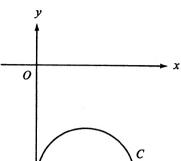
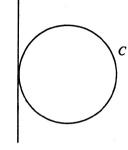


Figure 2



In Figure 2, the circle C has equation

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 10y + k = 0 ,$$

where k is a constant.

- (a) Find the coordinates of the centre of C.
- (b) If C touches the y-axis, find the radius of C and the value of k. (6 marks)

SECTION B Answer any FIVE questions from this section.
Each question carries 12 marks.

- 8. (a) P is a point inside a square ABCD such that PBC is an equilateral triangle. AP is produced to meet CD at Q.
 - (i) Draw a diagram to represent the above information.
 - (ii) Calculate $\angle PAB$ and $\angle PQC$.

(7 marks)

- (b) In Figure 3, CT is tangent to the circle ABT.
 - (i) Find a triangle similar to $\triangle ACT$ and give reasons.
 - (ii) If CT = 6 and BC = 5, find AB.

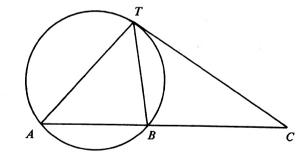


Figure 3

(5 marks)

9. (a) Write down the smallest and the largest multiples of 7 between 100 and 999.

(2 marks)

(b) How many multiples of 7 are there between 100 and 999?

Find the sum of these multiples.

(c) Find the sum of all positive three-digit integers which are NOT divisible by 7.

(4 marks)

(6 marks)

- 10. A variable quantity y is the sum of two parts. The first part varies directly as another variable x, while the second part varies directly as x^2 . When x = 1, y = -5; when x = 2, y = -8.
 - (a) Express y in terms of x.

Hence find the value of y when x = 6.

(8 marks)

(b) Express y in the form $(x-p)^2-q$, where p and q are constants.

Hence find the least possible value of y when x varies.

(4 marks)

- Figure 4 shows the cumulative frequency curve of the marks of 600 students in a mathematics contest.
 - (a) From the curve, find
 - (i) the median, and
 - (ii) the interquartile range of the distribution of marks.

(4 marks)

- (b) A student with marks greater than or equal to 100 will be awarded a prize.
 - (i) Find the number of students who will be awarded prizes.
 - (ii) If one student is chosen at random from the 600 students, find the probability that the student is a prize-winner.
 - (iii) If two students are chosen at random, find the probability that
 - (1) both of them are prize-winners,
 - (2) at least one of them is a prize-winner.

(8 marks)

11. (cont'd)

Candidates need NOT hand in this graph.

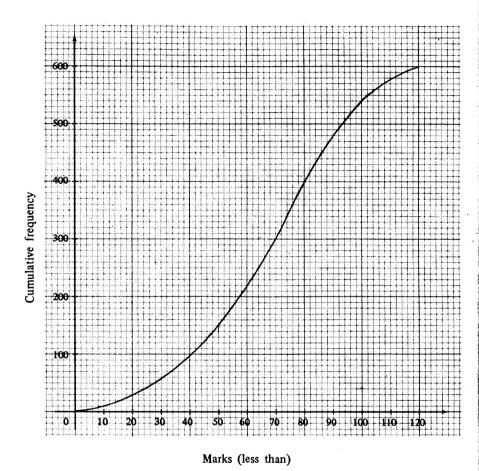


Figure 4

- 12. In Figure 5, L_1 is the line x = 3 and L_2 is the line y = 4. L_3 is the line passing through the points (3, 0) and (0, 4).
 - (a) Find the equation of L_3 in the form ax + by = c, where a, b and c are integers.

(2 marks)

(b) Write down the three constraints which determine the shaded region, including the boundary.

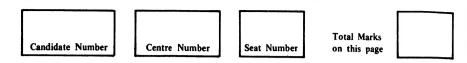
(3 marks)

- (c) Let P = x + 4y. If (x, y) is any point satisfying all the constraints in (b), find the greatest and the least values of P.

 (4 marks)
- (d) If one more constraint $2x 3y + 3 \le 0$ is added, shade in Figure 5 the new region satisfying all the four constraints.

For any point (x, y) lying in the new region, find the least value of P defined in (c).

(3 marks)



12. (cont'd)

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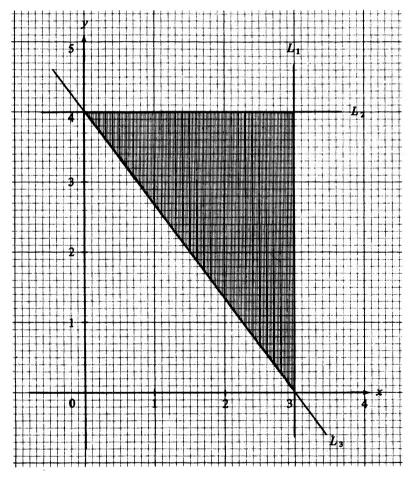
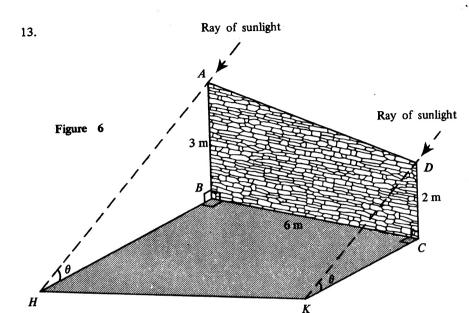


Figure 5

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In Figure 6, ABCD is a wall in the shape of a trapezium with AB and DC vertical. Rays of sunlight coming from the back of the wall cast a shadow HBCK on the horizontal ground such that the edges HB and KC of the shadow are perpendicular to BC. Suppose the angle of elevation of the sun is θ , AB = 3 m, CD = 2 m and BC = 6 m.

(a) Express HB and KC in terms of θ . (3 marks)

- (b) (i) Find the area S_1 of the wall.
 - (ii) Find, in terms of θ , the area S_2 of the shadow.

Hence show that $\frac{S_1}{S_2} = \tan \theta$.

(3 marks)

120

(c) If $\theta = 30^{\circ}$, find the length of the edge HK, leaving your answer in surd form. (6 marks)

- 14. Figure 7 shows the graph of $y = x^3$ for $x \ge 0$.
 - (a) Let r be the real root of the equation $x^3 \frac{4}{3}x 6 = 0$.
 - (i) By adding a suitable straight line to the figure, find an interval of width 0.1 which contains r.
 - (ii) Use the method of bisection to find the value of r correct to two decimal places. Show your working in the form of a table.
 (9 marks)
 - (b) Use (a) to find, correct to two decimal places, the real root of the equation $3(t+1)^3 4(t+1) 18 = 0$. (3 marks)

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14. (cont'd)

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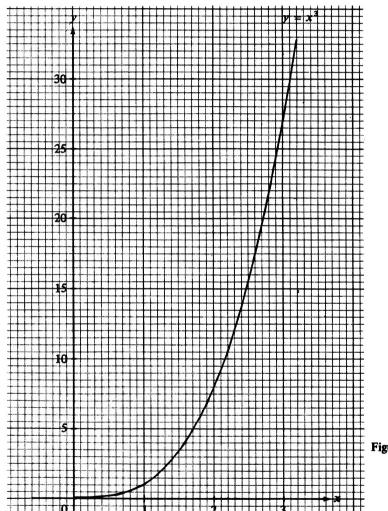


Figure 7